A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri

Financial Statements

Together with Independent Auditor's Report

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

The Police Department of Kansas City, Missouri A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri April 30, 2015

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COCHRAN HEAD VICK & CO., P.C.

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Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

1251 NW Briarcliff Pkwy Suite 125 Kansas City, MO 64116 (816) 584-9955 Fax (816) 584-9958 To the Board of Police Commissioners
The Police Department of Kansas City, Missouri

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Police Department of Kansas City, Missouri (the Department), a component unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri as of and for the year ended April 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessments of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Other Offices

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Department as of April 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of funding progress as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, aithough not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Department's financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining nonmajor and agency fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor and agency fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 19, 2015, on our consideration of the Department's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Department's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kansas City, Missouri June 19, 2015 Cochra Hed Vick & Co., P.C.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2015

The Board of Police Commissioners (the Board), a state agency pursuant to the revised statutes of the State of Missouri, operates the Police Department of Kansas City, Missouri (the Department). Statutes provide the Board with exclusive management and control of the metropolitan police force for the City of Kansas City, Missouri (the City). The City is required to provide annual budgetary appropriations for this purpose. The Governor appoints and the Missouri Senate approves four Commissioners from the local community who, along with the Mayor of Kansas City, comprise the Board.

This discussion and analysis of the Department's financial performance provides an overview of the Department's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the Department's financial statements, which follow this section. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

Financial Highlights

The majority of Department operations are funded by the City, but the Department is statutorily required to issue financial statements. The accompanying financial statements are reflective of the fact future operations and payments of Department liabilities depend on the City for funding through the annual budget appropriations process.

- The net position of the Department (assets minus liabilities) at the close of the most recent fiscal year was a deficit of \$139,018. Liabilities associated with compensated absences, pension obligations, and other post-employment benefits totaling \$171,234 are the major reasons for the deficit.
- The Department's net position decreased by \$9,718 in the current year.
- Current year revenues of \$227,144 represented an increase of \$8,150 or 3.7% from the prior year. City revenues provided \$214,106 or 94.3% of this amount. Grants, including federal stimulus, the Jackson County anti-drug sales tax, charges for services, and other revenues provided \$13,038 or 5.7%.
- Contributions of \$32,247 to the pension plans were equal to the actuarial calculated annual required contribution or ARC.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's discussion and analysis introduces the Department's basic financial statements. The Department's basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains additional required supplementary information (pensions, other post-employment benefits, and budgetary schedules) and other supplementary information (combining statements for nonmajor governmental and agency funds) in addition to the basic financial statements.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2015

Basic Financial Statements

The Department operates a single governmental program (public safety) and presents the aforementioned government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements in combined form. The combined statements are: (1) Governmental Funds Balance Sheet / Statement of Net Position, (2) Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Statement of Activities, and (3) Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds. These financial statements also include Notes to Basic Financial Statements that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detail.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The two government-wide financial statements report information about the Department as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Department's overall financial status.

- The statement of net position includes all of the Department's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Department's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- 2. The statement of activities reports how the Department's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (such as sick leave).

The government-wide financial statements reflect the Department's only program, public safety, which is a governmental activity. Governmental activities are supported mostly by City general revenues and intergovernmental revenues (grants). Complete financial statements of the City may be obtained from the City of Kansas City, Missouri, 414 East 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

Fund Financial Statements

The Department, like other state and local governments, uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Department's most significant individual funds – not the Department as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all other funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for nonmajor funds is presented in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2015

The Department has two kinds of funds:

1. Governmental funds focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow are available to meet current obligations and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide financial statements, additional information is provided on the subsequent page of the governmental fund financial statements that explains, and better identifies the relationship between them.

The Department's general fund and federal and state grants fund are considered major funds and the activities of all other governmental funds are combined in a separate column in each of the basic fund financial statements.

2. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Department. The Department is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the Department's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Department's own activity.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information. This section includes schedules of funding progress for the pension plans and other post-employment benefits and budgetary comparison schedules, which include reconciliations for the general fund and federal and state grants fund for budgetary purposes and fund balances as presented in the governmental funds financial statements.

Other Supplementary Information

The combining financial statements for nonmajor funds and agency funds follow the required supplementary information. The total columns of these combining financial statements carry to the applicable fund financial statements.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2015

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, increases or decreases in the Department's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating. The Department's net position was a deficit of \$139,018 at April 30, 2015 compared to a net position deficit of \$129,300 at the end of the previous year. This change totals \$9,718 and was caused primarily by increases in estimates for other post-employment benefits for health insurance in the amount of \$4,068 and compensated absences of \$2,813. The largest component of total liabilities is \$104,986 for net pension obligations. Actuarial studies for the law enforcement and civilian pension plans continue to indicate net pension obligations, but annual contributions are now being made in an amount equal to the ARC and the liability decreased by \$817.

The following table provides a breakdown of the Department's net position:

The Police Department of Kansas City, Missouri's Net Position (expressed in thousands)

Governmental Activities

	2015		 2014	
Current and other assets	\$	17,210	\$ 27,646	
Capital assets		35,468	 35,749	
Total assets		52,678	63,395	
Other liabilities		18,584	21,362	
Long-term debt		173,112	 171,333	
Total liabilities		191,696	192,695	
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		35,468	35,749	
Restricted		2,514	2,996	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(177,000)	(168,045)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(139,018)	\$ (129,300)	

Liabilities such as compensated absences, net pension obligations, and other-post employment benefits totaling \$171,234 cause the deficit in unrestricted net position and will be liquidated as they come due using appropriations provided annually by the City. These items totaled \$165,170 last year.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2015

Net investment in capital assets of \$35,468 reflects the Department's capital assets (vehicles, helicopters, and equipment) net of accumulated depreciation. Capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The decrease of \$281 is due to depreciation on equipment exceeding new additions.

The following table provides a summary of the Department's changes in net position:

The Police Department of Kansas City, Missouri's Changes in Net Position (expressed in thousands)

	2015		 2014		
Revenues					
Program revenues	\$	227,144	\$ 218,994		
Expenses					
Public safety - police		236,931	246,335		
Change in net position before asset					
disposals		(9,787)	(27,341)		
Asset disposals		69_	 (266)		
Change in net position		(9,718)	(27,607)		
Net position (deficit), beginning of year		(129,300)	(101,693)		
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$	(139,018)	\$ (129,300)		

The Department's net position before capital asset disposals decreased \$9,787. The majority of this decrease is due to the \$6,064 increase in estimates for liabilities related to compensated absences, pension obligations, other post-employment benefits, and workers' compensation claims payable. Revenue from the City increased \$6,992 and all other revenues increased \$1,158. Revenue from the City increased to provide for pay raises and for pension contributions.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2015

Personnel costs decreased 2.1% due to changes in estimated liabilities for costs associated with pension and other post-employment benefits. Fully funding pensions actuarially required contributions and changes to the participation rate in other post-employment benefits reduced the actuarially calculated annual change to these items. Salaries and benefits represent 87.1% of the Department's governmental activity expenses, compared to 85.5% last year. Included in this are amounts paid into the pension systems on behalf of sworn and civilian employees. The two pension systems are separate State entities funded by the City and issue their own financial statements.

Non-personnel costs decreased 14.1% mostly as a result of fewer new claims payable.

The Department was established by State statute to police the City of Kansas City, Missouri. The City's general revenues support most of this governmental activity. Other revenue sources include a ¼ cent sales tax for drug enforcement assessed by Jackson County; federal, state, and local grants; and charges for services such as police report reproduction. The State of Missouri provides assistance with risk management.

Financial Analysis of the Department's Funds

As noted earlier, the Department, like other state and local governments, uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Department's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Department's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance at year-end may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending.

At the end of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,829; a decrease of \$1,144 in comparison with the prior year.

- Fund balance in the amount of \$2,514 is restricted for grants and state-required workers' compensation escrow.
- Board-authorized purchase commitments are \$287.
- The Department assigns fund balance in the amount of \$1,061 related to risk management activities and to cover subsequent year deficits in situations where anticipated revenues do not adequately cover anticipated costs.

The general fund had an ending fund balance of \$3,985; a decrease of \$684 or 14.6% in comparison with the prior year. The Department expended \$527 from a federal stimulus grant that is reported in the general fund, an increase of \$236 to the prior year.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2015

The Department's other major fund is the federal and state grants fund, which has no fund balance owing to the fact revenues equal expenditures on an annual basis.

Other governmental funds are supported by Department generated revenues. These funds supplement appropriations provided by the City and were established to comply with federal, state, and local requirements for revenues generated by policing activities such as federal forfeitures, licensing of private security officers, open records requests, and City ordinances for alarm licensing and parade/escort requests. Ending fund balances decreased in the forfeiture fund in the amount of \$484 and increased \$23 in the police drug enforcement fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Department is required to prepare its budget in form and detail similar to City departments. However, the Department's governing body, the Board, has sole authority to manage the Department's budget.

The schedule in the required supplementary information provides information about the Department's general fund budget, including original and final budget, actual amounts on the budgetary basis and reconciliation to amounts reported in the statement of governmental fund revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. Year-end commitments totaling \$1,893 are not reflected in the actual amounts reported under budgetary basis or the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis since they will be reappropriated in the subsequent year. Personal services were under budget by \$122 as a result of expending less for positions funded by police-generated revenues. Contractual services were under budget by \$878 due mostly from appropriations exceeding costs for outside training, background checks, and tuition reimbursements. Commodities were under budget by \$251 as a result of costs being less than anticipated for minor equipment.

Over the course of the year, the Department's General Fund budget was revised, which, excluding the impact of reestablishment of encumbrances, can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Increases to appropriations for costs related to staffing and overtime were \$1,765.
- Increases to appropriations for costs to operate a detention facility were \$830.
- Increases to appropriations for costs for risk management were \$4,200.
- Increases to appropriations for self-funded activities such as equipment, vehicles, training, and facilities were \$476.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2015

Capital Assets

Capital Assets

The Department invests in capital assets necessary for policing efforts, including automotive, communication, computer, and helicopter equipment. Improvements to Cityowned facilities, if any, are donated annually to the City. At April 30, 2015, the Department's capital assets were \$88,598 and accumulated depreciation was \$53,130. More detailed information about the Department's capital assets is presented in Notes 1 and 3 to the basic financial statements. The Department has no debt related to the acquisition of capital assets. The City issued general obligation (G.O.) and special obligation (S.O.) debt to provide appropriations to the Department for the purchase of helicopters as well as equipping new/remodeled facilities.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The statutes establishing the Board require submission of an annual budget to the City estimating the sum of money necessary to operate the Department in the ensuing year. The City considers the Board's submission as part of its budget process and oftentimes provides a different, generally lesser amount. In addition, the Missouri State Legal Expense Fund provides supplemental funding to cover some risk management costs for judgments resulting from lawsuits against members of the Board or law enforcement officers, and the Board receives other self-generated revenues to support appropriations.

As stated earlier, the Department is dependent on the City for most of its funding and any discussion of next year activity needs to focus on City operations. For the fiscal year beginning May 1, 2015, City general revenues will fund \$204,522 for the Department, an increase of \$1,106 or 0.5%. The increase funds pensions and a new computer-aided dispatch/records management system, but is not enough to cover existing staff or health insurance increases. As a result, the Department has initiated a voluntary termination program and frozen hiring. In next year's budget, non-City funding sources support costs of \$24,263, a decrease of \$1,929 attributable mostly to less grant funding. The Department's operating budget is increasing less than one-tenth of one percent and represents 22.6% of City governmental funds, compared to 23.5% last year. Personnel costs represent over 86% of the Department budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors of the City of Kansas City, Missouri with a general overview of the Department's finances and to demonstrate the Department's accountability for the funding it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Kansas City Police Department, Fiscal Division, 1125 Locust, Kansas City, MO 64106.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position April 30, 2015

		General Fund		ederal and ate Grants		Other Funds		Total	A	djustments		Statement Net Position
Assets Cash and short-term investments	\$	3,962,963	\$	67,941	\$	896,572	\$	4,927,476	\$		\$	4 027 476
Receivables:	Ф	3,902,903	Ф	67,941	Ф	090,572	Ф	4,927,476	Ф	-	Ф	4,927,476
Accounts		259,540		_		_		259,540		_		259,540
Interest		51		_		4		55		_		55
Due from City of Kansas City, Missouri		6.439.571		_		19.476		6.459.047		_		6.459.047
Due from other governments		533,450		1,151,774				1,685,224		_		1,685,224
Advance to other funds		4,000		-		-		4,000		-		4,000
Inventories		2,254,883		-		-		2,254,883		-		2,254,883
Restricted deposits		1,620,626		-		-		1,620,626		-		1,620,626
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		-		-		-		-		35,467,503		35,467,503
Total assets	\$	15,075,084	\$	1,219,715	\$	916,052	\$	17,210,851	\$	35,467,503	\$	52,678,354
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	57,593	\$	1,046	\$	-	\$	58,639		-	\$	58,639
Accrued payroll		7,349,630		67,411		63,514		7,480,555		-		7,480,555
Unearned revenue		88,094		-		-		88,094		-		88,094
Due to City of Kansas City, Missouri		467,417		1,151,258		-		1,618,675		-		1,618,675
Due to other governments		-		-		9,035		9,035		-		9,035
Compensated absences - current		1,332,799		-		-		1,332,799		7,996,686		9,329,485
Compensated absences - noncurrent		-		-		-		-		31,464,122		31,464,122
Net pension obligation		-		-		-		-		104,985,749		104,985,749
Net OPEB obligation		-		-		-		-		25,454,904		25,454,904
Claims payable		1,260,941						1,260,941		9,946,000		11,206,941
Total liabilities		10,556,474		1,219,715		72,549		11,848,738		179,847,461		191,696,199
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Deferred revenue	-	533,450		-		-		533,450		(533,450)		-
Fund Balances/Net Position												
Fund balances:		1,620,626						1,620,626		(1,620,626)		
Restricted for workers compensation escrow		49,707		-		042 502				,		
Restricted for programs Committed to capital outlay		287,298		-		843,503		893,210 287,298		(893,210) (287,298)		
Assigned to risk management		109,719		_		_		109,719		(109,719)		
Assigned to risk management Assigned to subsequent year's budget		951,233						951,233		(951,233)		
Unassigned		966,577		_		_		966,577		(966,577)		
Total fund balances		3,985,160		-		843,503		4,828,663		(4,828,663)		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	15,075,084	\$	1,219,715	\$	916,052	\$	17,210,851				
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets										35,467,503		35,467,503
Restricted for special programs										2,513,836		2,513,836
Unrestricted (deficit)										(176,999,184)		(176,999,184)
Total net position										(139,017,845)		(139,017,845)
Total liabilities and net position									\$	35,467,503	\$	52,678,354

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Reconciliation of the Statement of Net Position with Governmental Funds Balance Sheet April 30, 2015

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 4,828,663
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$88,598,011, and the accumulated depreciation is \$53,130,508.	35,467,503
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	
Compensated absences	(39,460,808)
Net pension obligations	(104,985,749)
Net OPEB obligation	(25,454,904)
Claims payable	(9,946,000)
Revenues that are deferred in the governmental funds due to not receiving cash within 60 days are recognized in the statement of net position.	533,450
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (139,017,845)

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and Statement of Activities For the year ended April 30, 2015

	General Fund	Federal and State Grants	Other Funds	Total	,	Adjustments	,	Statement of Activities
Revenues:	 	<u> </u>						
Revenues received from City of								
Kansas City, Missouri	\$ 207,138,685	\$ -	\$ 6,249,939	\$ 213,388,624	\$	717,913	\$	214,106,537
Operating grants	908,191	4,829,901	-	5,738,092		-		5,738,092
Capital grants	-	366,163	-	366,163		185,969		552,132
Other intergovernmental	663,433	-	2,047,916	2,711,349		533,450		3,244,799
Charges for services	2,624,666	-	462,150	3,086,816		-		3,086,816
Interest	1,757	-	200	1,957		-		1,957
Other	414,124	-	-	414,124		-		414,124
Total revenues	 211,750,856	5,196,064	8,760,205	225,707,125		1,437,332		227,144,457
Expenditures/expenses:								
Public safety - police:								
Current:								
Personal services	188,060,104	3,953,663	1,781,499	193,795,266		7,048,172		200,843,438
Contractual services	14,691,232	813,550	697,605	16,202,387		1,738,079		17,940,466
Commodities	7,859,218	96,813	33,653	7,989,684		(309,839)		7,679,845
Depreciation	-	-	· -	-		9,064,451		9,064,451
Capital outlay	1,701,439	664,673	6,603,862	8,969,974		(7,567,336)		1,402,638
Total expenditures/expenses	 212,311,993	5,528,699	9,116,619	226,957,311		9,973,527		236,930,838
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	 (561,137)	(332,635)	 (356,414)	 (1,250,186)		(8,536,195)		(9,786,381)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Disposal of capital assets	101,882	-	4,030	105,912		(36,742)		69,170
Transfers - internal activities	(224,243)	332,635	(108,392)	-		-		-
Total other financing sources	 					,		
and uses	 (122,361)	332,635	 (104,362)	 105,912		(36,742)		69,170
Change in fund balances/								
net position	(683,498)	-	(460,776)	(1,144,274)		(8,572,937)		(9,717,211)
Fund balances/net position:								
Beginning of year	 4,668,658		 1,304,279	 5,972,937		(135,273,571)		(129,300,634)
End of year	\$ 3,985,160	\$ -	\$ 843,503	\$ 4,828,663	\$	(143,846,508)	\$	(139,017,845)

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances with the Statement of Activities For the year ended April 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (1,144,274)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Revenue from Kansas City consisted of capital assets donated for the communications backup center.	717,913
Capital grant revenue consisted of capital assets donated by grantors	185,969
Revenues that are deferred in the governmental funds due to not receiving cash within 60 days are recognized as revenue in the statement of activities.	533,450
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital expenditures (\$7,853,615) were less than depreciation (\$9,064,451), and aircraft parts that were installed (\$62,481) in the current period.	(1,148,355)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which liabilities changed in the current period.	
Compensated absences Net pension obligations Net OPEB obligation Claims payable	(3,797,169) 816,702 (4,067,705) (1,777,000)
In the statement of activities, only the gain from disposal of assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of assets sold.	(36,742)
Change in net position in governmental activities	\$ (9,717,211)

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Statement of Assets and Liabilities - Fiduciary Funds April 30, 2015

	 Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and short-term investments Receivables:	\$ 2,829,096
Accounts Interest	3,792 11
Total assets	\$ 2,832,899
Liabilities	
Advance from other funds Other accrued liabilities	\$ 4,000 2,828,899
Total liabilities	\$ 2,832,899

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and Nature of Operations

The Police Department of Kansas City, Missouri (the Department) is regulated under the Missouri Revised Statutes. The Department operates under the direction of the Board of Police Commissioners of the City of Kansas City, Missouri (the Board). Members are appointed by the Governor of the State of Missouri. The Mayor of the City of Kansas City, Missouri (the City) is an ex-officio member of the Board. The Department is responsible for protecting and serving the citizens of the City. The Department receives the majority of its revenues from the City. The Department is considered to be and reported as a component unit of the City.

Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the Department for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units for which financial accountability may exist. The determination of financial accountability includes consideration of a number of criteria, including: (1) the Department's ability to appoint a voting majority of another entity's governing body and to impose its will on that entity, (2) the potential for that entity to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Department and (3) the entity's fiscal dependency on the Department. Based on these criteria, there are no component units.

Accounting Method, Management Focus, Basis of Accounting and Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Department are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Department's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements and governmental and fiduciary fund financial statements and notes. The government-wide financial statements report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the Department.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Department's assets and liabilities, including capital assets as well as long-term liabilities, are included in the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues and receivables are recognized when measurable and available for payment of current liabilities. The Department considers revenues to be available if they are anticipated to be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

The Department records transactions during the year on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements. At year-end, entries are recorded for financial reporting purposes to reflect the modified accrual basis of accounting for Governmental Funds. Certain revenues are recorded when cash is received because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Interest is recorded when earned since it is measurable and available. Certain grant revenues are recorded to the extent eligible expenditures have been incurred.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The types of funds maintained by the Department are as follows:

Governmental Fund Types

- General Fund Used to account for all financial transactions that are a part of the Department's annual operating budget and are primarily funded through receipts received from the City.
- Federal and State Grants Used to account for various grant revenues received from the federal government and the State of Missouri.
- Special Revenue Funds Used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes. The primary sources of revenue are the City, Jackson County, grants and charges for services.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Agency Funds – Used to account for assets held by the Department as trustee or agent for
others. Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of
operations.

Inventory

At year-end, physical counts are made of significant inventory. Inventory valuation methods vary by element. Fleet Operations and Radio Maintenance use weighted average, Supply uses first-in first-out (FIFO).

Short-Term Investments

Investments consisting of U.S. treasury bills that have original maturities of three months or less are stated at cost, which approximates market value.

Investment income consists of interest income. Investment income is assigned to the funds with which the related investment asset is associated.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

Capital Assets

The City provides real property, including land and buildings, to the Department at no cost. As a result, the Department's capital assets consist of policing equipment such as vehicles, furniture, fixtures, communication equipment, computers and software, and aircraft. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at estimated fair value as of the date received. Major outlays for building improvements to City owned buildings, made with Department internally generated funds, are donated to the City. All capital assets over the capitalization levels are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following useful lives. The Department's capitalization threshold is five thousand dollars.

	Useful Life/Range
Furniture and equipment	5-10 years
Automotive and light trucks	3 years
Large trucks, RVs, specialized vehicles	10 years
Communications equipment	8 years
Computer hardware	3- 5 years
Computer software	2 years
Lab equipment	10 years
Helicopters	20 years

Interfund Activity

Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. On the fund financial statements, the only interfund loans are between the special services fund and various agency funds. Transfers between governmental funds have been eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities.

Compensated Absences

Employees earn sick leave in accordance with Department policy based upon the options described below. Option 2 covers employees hired on or after November 1, 1987. Employees hired prior to November 1, 1987, may choose Option 1 or 2. The policy also provides employees, working for at least one year prior to retirement or termination, payment of a portion of their accumulated sick leave.

	Option	n 1	Optio	n 2
	Law Enforcement	Civilian	Law Enforcement	Civilian
Days earned per year	30	15	18	12
Percent payable upon retirement Percent payable upon	25.0%	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%
termination	12.5%	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

It is the Department's policy that employees must utilize or forfeit earned vacation days. Upon termination or retirement before the end of a vacation year (December 31), the amount of currently earned and unused vacation time becomes payable to the employee.

The accrued compensated absence liability represents only the vested portion of the earned compensation days. It is calculated using the above percentages and assumptions made by the Department as to whether employees would resign or retire. This assumption is based upon years of service. The current portion of the liability of \$8,356,399 is calculated based upon management's estimate of the amount to be paid during the year ending April 30, 2016.

The following is a summary of changes in the compensated absence liabilities of the Department for the year ending April 30, 2015:

Balance	Current Year Earned and Changes in		Balance,	Due Within
April 30, 2014	Estimates	Payments	April 30, 2015	One Year
\$ 37,980,726	\$ 14,170,041	\$ 11,357,160	\$ 40,793,607	\$ 9,329,485

Termination Benefits

On March 30, 2015 the Department offered police and civilian employees with 15 years or more of service by their last day on payroll, a one-time payment of \$20,000 to retire effective May 2015. The Department has recorded an obligation totaling \$1,332,799 for employees who accepted the offer prior to April 30, 2015. Subsequent to year-end, additional employees accepted the offer. The total amount of this additional obligation is \$872,260.

Risk Management

The Department retains some risk of loss for workers' compensation, general professional, and automobile liability losses. The Missouri State Legal Expense Fund covers some of the costs of judgments resulting from lawsuits against members of the Board or law enforcement officers. These activities are accounted for in the general fund, except for long-term liabilities for obligations for claims and claims incurred but not reported.

Fund Balances/Net Position

The governmental funds report the following fund balance classifications:

Non-Spendable – Legally or contractually required to be maintained. Not in spendable form, including but not limited to prepaid supplies, inventory, and long-term receivables. Such constraint is binding until legal or contractual requirements are repealed or amounts become spendable.

Restricted – Externally imposed constraints, including but not limited to grantors, contributors, and constraints by law and regulations. Such constraints are binding unless modified or rescinded by external body, laws, or regulations.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

Committed – Specific purpose imposed by a formal vote approval by the Board of Police Commissioners. Such constraint is binding unless modified or rescinded by the Board of Police Commissioners.

Assigned – Constrained by the express intent of the Board of Police Commissioners, Chief of Police, Deputy Chief of Executive Services Bureau, and/or the Major of the Fiscal Division. Includes all remaining amounts not classified in governmental funds, except the general fund.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other fund balance classifications. The general fund shall be the only fund to report positive unassigned fund balance. All other governmental funds may report negative unassigned fund balance.

The Department has a fund balance policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The policy is to use restricted resources first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance.

Net Position Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is shown as net position and classified into three components:

- (1) Net investment in capital assets consisting of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgage notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- (2) Restricted net position consisting of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Department first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.
- (3) Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Deferred Outflow and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. As of April 30, 2015, the Department does not report any items that qualify as a deferred outflow of resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues and other fund financial resources are recognized in the period in which they become both measurable and available. The governmental funds reported unavailable intergovernmental revenues.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

Budgetary Accounting

The Department plans disbursements and controls operations through the use of an annual operating budget, which is prepared by Department personnel and approved by the Board and the City Council prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.

The Department is required to legally adopt a budget at the appropriation unit level. However, for management control purposes, the Department follows the practice of budgeting disbursements by account code. Certain disbursements applicable to more than one bureau or division are not allocated among the various groups receiving benefits from these disbursements because they are charged to the group with responsibility for budget control.

As permitted by Missouri law, it is the Department's practice to transfer the budgeted amounts within the general fund and special revenue funds when disbursements within a particular appropriation unit exceed the amount originally budgeted. These transfers are approved by the Board.

Use of Estimates

Deposits

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The most sensitive estimates affecting the Department's financial statements are the automotive and general liability claims payable, estimated useful lives of capital assets, and the actuarial determined valuation of the workers' compensation claims liability, pension liabilities, and other post-employment benefit obligations. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

\$ 2,374,095

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

At April 30, 2015, the carryi	ng values of cas	h and investment are	summarized as follows:

Restricted Deposits Investments Cash on hand	_	1,620,626 5,174,925 207,618
	\$	9,377,264
Included in the following balance sheet and and statement of net position captions: Cash and short-term investments – Governmental Funds	\$	4,927,476
Restricted deposits – Governmental Funds Interest receivable – Governmental Funds Cash and short-term investments –		1,620,626 55
Agency Funds Interest receivable – Agency Funds		2,829,096 11
	\$	9,377,264

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be recoverable. The Department's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law. State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance and other acceptable collateral having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits.

At April 30, 2015, none of the Department's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The Department is authorized to invest in legally permissible investments, as provided by Missouri Statute, which include securities and obligations issued by the United States government, repurchase agreements, collateralized time deposit accounts and certificates of deposits.

At April 30, 2015, the Department had the following investments and maturities:

	F	air Value
U.S. government securities with maturities of 90 days or less	\$	5,174,925

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Department's investment policy limits its investment portfolio to maturities of 90 days.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At April 30, 2015, the Department's investments were all in U.S. government obligations which are not subject to such risks.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Department will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the underlying securities for the Department's investments at April 30, 2015 are held by the third-party custodians in the Department's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Department places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At April 30, 2015, the Department's investments were all in U.S. government obligations.

Restricted Deposit. Included in deposits are money market funds in the amount of \$1,620,626. These funds are intended to provide additional assurance that the Department will provide funding for excess workers' compensation, if required.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

Note 3: Changes in Capital Assets

A summary of changes in the Capital Assets for the year ended April 30, 2015 follows:

	Balance April 30, 2014	Increases	Decreases	Balance, April 30, 2015
Police equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$ 82,400,405 (46,651,687)	\$ 9,133,668 (9,064,451)	\$ (2,936,062) 2,585,630	\$ 88,598,011 (53,130,508)
Net depreciable assets	\$ 35,748,718	\$ 69,217	\$ (350,432)	\$ 35,467,503

Note 4: Risk Management

Officers of the Department, the Chief of Police, and/or the members of the Board, in official and individual capacity, have been named as defendants in various legal proceedings as of April 30, 2015. The Department and its legal counsel are vigorously defending these matters. It is the Department's policy to budget for estimated litigation costs. Large litigation disbursements are funded by the General Fund or through supplemental appropriations approved by the City and the Board. According to Missouri State Statute, the Department is entitled to reimbursements of settlements of certain claims up to \$1,000,000 annually based on the State of Missouri fiscal year.

The Department purchases commercial insurance for non-realty property, employee life and health coverage, and civilian employee disability. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for these items in any of the past three years.

Automobile, General Professional, and Workers' Compensation Liabilities

The Department self-retains the risk of loss for liability and comprehensive damage claims arising from its motor vehicle fleet and general professional liability. The plan is administered by the Department's Office of General Counsel. The Department budgets amounts in the General Fund. Claims paid in excess of the budgeted amounts are paid by the General Fund if sufficient resources exist; otherwise, amounts are paid by the City. Estimates for outstanding liabilities are based upon advice of the Department's Office of General Counsel.

The Department also retains the risk of loss for workers' compensation claims. The Department has purchased a specific excess insurance policy that covers workers' compensation claims for each accident in excess of \$1,000,000 up to \$500,000 per individual claim. The plan is administered by a third party administrator. The Department has recorded an estimated liability for claims based upon an actuarial study.

The Department expects to pay certain claims within the next year using expendable available resources. Accordingly, the Department recorded a liability for these claims of \$1,260,941 in the General Fund as of April 30, 2015. Remaining estimated claims of \$9,946,000 have been reported as a long-term obligation of the Department.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

The following is a summary of changes in risk management liabilities of the Department:

	A	utomobile Liability	P	General rofessional	Workers' mpensation	 Total
Balance, April 30, 2013	\$	2,264,724	\$	3,125,000	\$ 5,345,000	\$ 10,734,724
Claims payments Claims and changes in estimates		(850,770) 545,669		(1,431,562) 4,306,562	(2,437,944) 2,861,944	(4,720,276) 7,714,175
Balance, April 30, 2014		1,959,623		6,000,000	5,769,000	13,728,623
Claims payments Claims and changes in estimates		(579,268) (369,414)		(5,489,752) 1,589,752	(2,076,505) 4,403,505	(8,145,525) 5,623,843
Balance, April 30, 2015	\$	1,010,941	\$	2,100,000	\$ 8,096,000	\$ 11,206,941

Note 5: Federal and State Grant Funds

Various special grant projects utilize the specialized talents of certain Department personnel. In these instances, time records are maintained and the Department is reimbursed by the federal and state grant funds for the cost of these employees' time. The amount of annual salary reimbursements received by the Department is contingent upon the numbers and types of special grants awarded to the Department each year.

The Department has received financial assistance from various federal and state agencies in the form of grants and entitlements. These programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority. Management does not believe that liabilities for reimbursements, if any, will have a materially adverse effect upon the financial condition of the Department.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

Note 6: Commitments and Contingencies

Leases

The Department rents various vehicles, copiers, software, and office facilities under cancelable operating leases. Rent expenditures for the year ended April 30, 2015 was \$1,285,855. As of April 30, 2015, minimum future rental payments required under these leases for subsequent fiscal years were:

2016	\$ 403,442
2017	396,781
2018	396,781
2019	396,781
2020	396,781
2021 through term	 727,432
	\$ 2,717,998

Other Commitments

The Department has contractual and purchase order commitments relating to various commodities, contractual services, and capital outlay totaling \$3,416,595 as of April 30, 2015. These contractual and purchase order commitments will be liquidated during 2016.

Litigation

The State of Missouri (State) has filed a suit and the Department has filed a counter suit related to certain legal fees charged by the State to the Department. Should the Department not prevail, the amount in dispute was approximately \$600,000 at April 30, 2015.

Note 7: Interfund Activity

Due to/from Other Funds

A summary of interfund obligations at April 30, 2015 is shown below:

	Due From Other Funds		oue To er Funds
Governmental Funds			
General Fund	\$ 4,000	\$	-
Fiduciary Funds			
Misdemeanor Bond	-		3,000
Dental Program	 -		1,000
Total	\$ 4,000	\$	4,000

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

Interfund Transfers

Transfers are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions such as grant matches and self-insurance.

The Department had the following types of transfers among funds for the year ended April 30, 2015:

Transfers from	Transfers to	Purpose	 Amount
General Fund	Federal and State Grants Fund	Grant Match	\$ 224,243
Federal Seizure and Forfeiture Fund	Federal and State Grants Fund	Grant Match	108,392
			\$ 332,635

Note 8: Employee Benefit Commitments

Payments Made on Behalf of the Department

During the year ended April 30, 2015, the City's contribution for the Department's FICA for law enforcement and civilian personnel was \$3,656,792 and is included as an expenditure/expense in the accompanying financial statements.

Police Retirement System

The Department's law enforcement personnel contribute to a single employer defined benefit retirement plan that was created by Missouri Statute to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits for all Department law enforcement personnel. The retirement plan is managed by a separate independent board from that of the Department. Employer contributions are made directly by the City, as Missouri Statute requires the City transfer the contribution directly to the retirement plan, but are included in the Department's budget. Thus, the Department does not exercise control over the retirement plan, nor is the plan dependent on the Department for funding.

The annual contributions by the City are based on a percentage of each participant's annual base earnings without consideration for overtime or other incentive pay amounts. The rate contributed by the City effective May 1, 2014 was 27.35% (25.03 previously). During the year ended April 30, 2015, the City's contribution was \$28,685,661.

The annual contribution by law enforcement personnel effective August 28, 2013 was 11.55% (10.55% previously) of each participant's annual base earnings without consideration for overtime or other incentive pay amounts. A Missouri Statute requires the City to contribute such amounts as necessary to meet the actuarially determined annual required contribution plus two hundred dollars per month for every member entitled to receive a supplemental benefit.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

The annual pension cost and net pension obligation as of April 30, 2015 are as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution Annual pension cost	\$ 25,739,061 6,767,424 (4,979,911) 27,526,574
Contributions made – current year	(28,685,661)
Change in net pension obligation	(1,159,087)
Net pension obligation, beginning of year	88,519,117
Net pension obligation, end of year	\$ 87,360,030

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the April 30, 2014 actuarial valuation using the individual entry age normal method of funding. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) an investment rate of return of 7.50% per year compounded annually net of investment expenses; (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 8.75% per year, depending on age group; (c) 2.5% cost of living adjustment per year; and (d) annual required employer and employee contribution rates of 27.35% and 11.55%, respectively.

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll period of 30 years beginning on the valuation date.

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year	Annual		Percentage	Net
Ending	Pension		of APC	Pension
April 30,	Cost (APC)		Contributed	Obligation
2013	\$	34,656,896	49%	\$ 74,365,975
2014		36,394,911	61%	88,519,117
2015		27,526,574	94%	87,360,030

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of April 30, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 77% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1.0 billion, and the actuarial value of assets was \$773.3 million, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$232.9 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$96.1 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 242%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

Additional information and disclosures are available in the separately issued financial statements of the Police Retirement System. That report may be obtained by writing Kansas City Police Retirement System, 9701 Marion Park Drive, B, Kansas City, Missouri 64137 or by contacting them at kcpers.org.

Civilian Employees' Retirement System

The Department's civilian employees contribute to a single employer defined benefit retirement plan created by Missouri Statute to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits for substantially all Department civilian employees. The retirement plan is managed by a separate independent board from that of the Department. Employer contributions are made directly by the City, as Missouri Statute requires the City transfer the contribution directly to the retirement plan, but are included in the Department's budget. Thus, the Department does not exercise control over the retirement plan, nor is the plan dependent on the Department for funding.

The annual contributions by the City are based on a percentage of each participant's annual base earnings without consideration for overtime or other incentive pay amounts. The rate contributed by the City effective May 1, 2014 was 17.96% (17.93% previously). During the year ended April 30, 2015, the City's contribution was \$4,930,686.

The annual contribution by civilian personnel was 5% of each participant's annual base earnings without consideration for overtime or other incentive pay amounts. A Missouri Statute requires the City to contribute at the actuarial determined contributions rate of the participant's annual base earnings and participants contribute a minimum of 5% of their annual base earnings.

The annual pension cost and net pension obligation as of April 30, 2015 are as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	4,930,686
Interest on net pension obligation		1,296,250
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(953,865)
Annual pension cost		5,273,071
Contributions made – current year		(4,930,686)
Change in net pension obligation		342,385
Nich and the all Product I and all and a second		47 000 004
Net pension obligation, beginning of year		17,283,334
Net pension obligation, end of year	\$	17,625,719
	=	

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the April 30, 2014 actuarial valuation using the individual entry age normal method of funding. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) an investment rate of return of 7.5% per year compounded annually net of investment expenses; (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 7.75% per year, depending on age group; (c) 2.5% cost of living adjustment per year; and (d) annual required employer and employee contribution rates of 17.97% and 5.00%, respectively. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll period of 30 years, effective April 30, 2013

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year		Annual	Percentage	Net
Ending		Pension	of APC	Pension
 April 30,	C	ost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
				_
2013	\$	5,400,464	61%	\$ 15,858,248
2014		5,547,460	74%	17,283,334
2015		5,273,071	94%	17,625,719

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of April 30, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 77% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$155.2 million, and the actuarial value of assets was \$119.1 million, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$36.1 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$27 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 134%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Additional information and disclosures are available in the separately issued financial statements of the Civilian Employees' Retirement System. That report may be obtained by writing Kansas City Police Retirement System, 9701 Marion Park Drive, B, Kansas City, Missouri 64137 or by contacting them at kcpers.org.

Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions

Plan Description

The Board sponsors a single-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan that provides healthcare benefits to Department retirees and their dependents, including medical and pharmacy coverage. Participants include police and civilian members of the Department.

Retirees (including any elected coverage for spouses and dependents) are eligible for the same benefits as active employees. Retiree coverage terminates either when the retiree becomes covered under another employer health plan, when the retiree elects to participate in Medicare, or dies. Retirees have the option of utilizing the Department's healthcare plan as secondary coverage to Medicare benefits. Additionally, retirees have a one-time option, before the age of 65, to rejoin the plan should they ever terminate coverage.

Under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 45, the difference between the premium rate charged to retirees and the estimated rate that would be applicable to those retirees if acquired for them as a separate group is an implicit rate subsidy, which is considered an other postemployment benefits (OPEB) under the standard.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Board's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Board's net OPEB obligation.

Normal Cost	\$ 2,726,239
Amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liability	2,780,385
Annual required contribution (ARC)	5,506,624
Interest on net OPEB obligation	962,424
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(1,284,308)
Annual OPEB cost	5,184,740
Contributions made:	
Net employer contributions	1,117,035
Change in net OPEB obligation	4,067,705
Net OPEB obligation, April 30, 2014	21,387,199
Net OPEB obligation, April 30, 2015	\$ 25,454,904

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended			Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
April 30, 2013	\$	6,342,629	18.43%	\$ 16,099,466		
April 30, 2014		6,525,049	18.96%	21,387,199		
April 30, 2015		5,184,740	21.54%	25,454,904		

Funded Status and Funding Progress

GASB Statement 45 does not require funding of an OPEB liability and, at this time, the liability is unfunded. Contributions are made to the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

As of April 30, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$46,300,933, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$46,300,933. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$114.1 million, and the ratio of UAAL to the covered payroll was 41 percent.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funding status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the basic financial statements, presents trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarially determined amounts, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the April 30, 2014, actuarial valuation, the individual entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5 percent investment rate of return. An annual healthcare cost trend rate, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent after eleven years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at April 30, 2014, was thirty years.

Note 9: Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 (GASB Statement No. 68). The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. The Department will implement GASB Statement No. 68 beginning with the year ending April 30, 2016.

Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 (GASB Statement No. 71). The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. The Department will implement GASB Statement No. 71 beginning with the year ending April 30, 2016.

Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application (GASB Statement No. 72). The objective of this Statement is to enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepted valuation techniques. The Department will implement GASB Statement No. 71 beginning with the year ending April 30, 2017

The Department has not completed its assessment of the impact of the adoption of these statements.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2015

Note 10: Subsequent Events

The Department has evaluated subsequent events through June 19, 2015, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No subsequent events were identified that required adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Schedules of Funding Progress April 30, 2015

Pension	Systems
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Actuarial Valuation Date	Valuation Value of Liability (AAL Date Assets Entry Age		Actuarial Accrued iability (AAL) Entry Age		(b) - (a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) ment System	(a)/(b) Funded Ratio	_	(c) Annual Covered Payroll	(b)-(a)/(c) UAAL as a percentage of Covered Payroll		
April 30, 2012	\$	734,375,923	\$	972,127,874		237,751,951	76%	\$	87,880,774	271%	
April 30, 2013	·	749,617,334	•	964,302,215		214,684,881	78%	·	90,708,350	237%	
April 30, 2014		773,338,034		1,006,243,143	13 232,905,109		77%		96,150,178	242%	
Civilian Employees' Retirement System											
April 30, 2012	\$	108,018,073	\$	142,907,530	\$	34,889,457	76%	\$	25,255,423	138%	
April 30, 2013		113,170,844		148,662,779		35,491,935	76%		26,461,403	134%	
April 30, 2014		119,075,893		155,264,022		36,188,129	77%		27,076,814	134%	

Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Actuarial Value of Assets		(b) Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL) Entry Age	(b) - (a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	(a)/(b) Funded Ratio	(c) Annual Covered Payroll	(b)-(a)/(c) UAAL as a percentage of Covered Payroll
April 30, 2010	\$	-	\$ 54,184,167	\$ 54,184,167	0%	\$ 100,921,000	54%
April 30, 2012		-	55,129,304	55,129,304	0%	108,002,676	51%
April 30, 2014		-	46,300,933	46,300,933	0%	114,197,450	41%

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund For the year ended April 30, 2015

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts			ctual Amounts,	В	udget to GAAP	Actual Amounts,		
	Original		Final	В	udgetary Basis		Differences	(GAAP Basis	
Revenues:										
Revenues received from City of										
Kansas City, Missouri	\$ 202,365,602	\$	204,960,602	\$	204,898,900	\$	2,239,785	\$	207,138,685	
Operating grants	750,738		750,738		908,191		-		908,191	
Other intergovernmental	1,104,000		1,182,717		1,696,883		(1,033,450)		663,433	
Charges for services	2,750,721		2,865,721		2,624,666		-		2,624,666	
Interest	7,000		7,000		1,757		-		1,757	
Other	312,000		485,815		414,124		-		414,124	
Total revenues	207,290,061		210,252,593		210,544,521		1,206,335		211,750,856	
Expenditures:										
Public safety - police:										
Current:										
Personal services	184,730,441		187,111,779		186,989,563		(1,070,541)		188,060,104	
Contractual services	15,966,500		19,409,524		18,531,429		3,840,197		14,691,232	
Commodities	8,598,404		8,123,411		7,872,702		13,484		7,859,218	
Capital outlay	1,674,741		1,703,120		1,701,439		-		1,701,439	
Total expenditures	210,970,086		216,347,834		215,095,133		2,783,140		212,311,993	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	(3,680,025)		(6,095,241)		(4,550,612)		3,989,475		(561,137)	
Other financing sources (uses):										
Disposal of capital assets	74,000		74,000		101,882		-		101,882	
Transfers out	, -		· -		´ -		(224,243)		(224,243)	
Total other financing sources	 									
and uses	 74,000		74,000		101,882		(224,243)		(122,361)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and										
other financing uses	(3,606,025)		(6,021,241)		(4,448,730)		3,765,232		(683,498)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	7,868,134		4,668,658		4,668,658		-		4,668,658	
Available prior year encumbrances	 2,941,468		2,941,468		<u>-</u>					
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 7,203,577	\$	1,588,885	\$	219,928	\$	3,765,232	\$	3,985,160	

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund For the year ended April 30, 2015

Explanation of differences:

The department retained the risk of loss related to certain legal claims, and the State of Missouri provided legal representation for some of these and was responsible for claims up to \$1.0 million annually. Certain estimated claims obligations are reported for GAAP purposes but not for budget purposes until paid.

\$ 5,148,682

The department retained the risk of loss related to workers compensation claims. Estimated claims payable are reported for GAAP purposes but not for budget purposes until paid.

(850,000)

Revenues not expected to be collected within 60 days are reported as deferred inflows for GAAP purposes.

(533,450)

The following budgetary differences do not have an impact on the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses as the differences offset revenues, expenditures, or other financing sources equally.

Liability self-retention activities are accounted for in subsidiary accounts of the general fund. Payments of \$1,850,000 made to subsidiary accounts are treated as revenue in the subsidiary account and expenditures in the general fund for budgetary purposes. Only the amount used to pay for expenses in the subsidiary accounts is reported for GAAP purposes.

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The department budgets for compensated absences on the cash basis, rather than on the modified accrual basis. The change of \$1,174,288 to the amount expected to be paid related to special termination benefits from current resources is reported for GAAP purposes.

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Cash to be used in investigations is reported when given to investigative elements for budgetary purposes, but reported when spent by investigative elements for GAAP purposes. The unspent amount increased by \$65,500.

Inventory acquisitions are reported as expenditures for budgetary purposes, but only the change in inventory used of \$8,231 is reported for GAAP purposes.

Recoveries in the amount of \$866,807 are reported as payable to the city until credited to operations for budgetary purposes, but are reported in the year received for GAAP purposes.

The amount of \$224,243 for grant matches charged in from another fund is reported with personal services for budgetary purposes, but is reported as a transfer out for GAAP purposes.

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The department uses estimates to accrue payroll and certain other items for budgetary purposes, but reports subsequent changes for GAAP purposes. Subsequent changes were \$102,800 for accrued payroll and inventory.

3,765,232

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Federal & State Grants Fund For the year ended April 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts		Actu	al Amounts,	Budg	et to GAAP	Actual Amounts,		
		Original	Final	Bud	Budgetary Basis		Differences		AAP Basis
Revenues:									
Operating grants	\$	6,589,928	\$ 6,129,922	\$	4,829,901	\$	-	\$	4,829,901
Capital grants			 		366,163				366,163
Total revenues		6,589,928	 6,129,922	-	5,196,064				5,196,064
Expenditures:									
Public safety - police:									
Current:									
Personal services		4,856,302	4,172,990		3,729,420		(224,243)		3,953,663
Contractual services		1,093,160	1,401,598		813,550		-		813,550
Commodities		342,756	175,615		96,813		-		96,813
Capital outlay		646,267	719,077		664,673		-		664,673
Total expenditures		6,938,485	6,469,280		5,304,456		(224,243)		5,528,699
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures		(348,557)	(339,358)		(108,392)		(224,243)		(332,635)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in		136,136	126,936		108,392		224,243		332,635
Total other financing sources									
and uses		136,136	 126,936		108,392		224,243		332,635
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and									
other financing uses		(212,421)	(212,422)		_		_		_
and the second second		(=:=,:=:)	(= : =, :==)						
Fund balance, beginning of year		212,421	 212,422						
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$ 	\$		\$		\$	

Explanation of differences:

The amount of \$224,243 for grant matches charged out to another fund is reported with personal services for budgetary purposes, but is reported as a transfer in for GAAP purposes. \$

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Funds April 30, 2015

		Federal			_	.	0.4		0.,	0.0	_			
	Seizure and Forfeiture		Public Safety Sales Tax		Police Drug Enforcement		City G.O. Bond		City S.O. Bond		Byrne JAG Grant		Non-Major Funds Total	
Assets														
Cash and short-term investments Receivables:	\$	669,982	\$	-	\$	226,590	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	896,572
Interest		4		-		-		-		-		-		4
Due from City of Kansas City, Missouri		-		-		19,476		-		-		-		19,476
Total assets	\$	669,986	\$		\$	246,066	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	916,052
Liabilities														
Accrued payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	63,514	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	63,514
Due to other governments		-		-		9,035		-		-		-		9,035
Total liabilities		-		-		72,549		-		-		-		72,549
Fund Balances														
Fund balances:														
Restricted		669,986		-		173,517		-		-		-		843,503
Total fund balance		669,986		-		173,517		-				-		843,503
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	669,986	\$		\$	246,066	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	916,052

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Federal Seizure and Forfeiture	Public Safety Sales Tax	Police Drug Enforcement	City G.O. Bond	City S.O. Bond	Byrne JAG Grant	Non-Major Funds Total	
Revenues:								
Revenues received from City of Kansas City, Missouri Other intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ - 462,150	\$ 2,452,649	\$ - 2,007,532	\$ 2,863,288	\$ 934,002	\$ - 40,384 -	\$ 6,249,939 2,047,916 462,150	
Interest Total revenues	200 462,350	2,452,649	2,007,532	2,863,288	934,002	40,384	8,760,205	
lotai revenues	462,350	2,452,649	2,007,532	2,863,288	934,002	40,384	8,760,205	
Expenditures: Public safety - police: Current:								
Personal services	-	-	1,781,499	-	-	_	1,781,499	
Contractual services	30,920	533,408	169,330	-	-	(36,053)	697,605	
Commodities		-	33,653	-	-	-	33,653	
Capital outlay	810,894	1,919,241		2,863,288	934,002	76,437	6,603,862	
Total expenditures	841,814	2,452,649	1,984,482	2,863,288	934,002	40,384	9,116,619	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(379,464)		23,050				(356,414)	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Disposal of capital assets Operating transfers out	4,030 (108,392)	- -	- -	- -	-	-	4,030 (108,392)	
Total other financing sources	(, /				-	-		
and uses	(104,362)						(104,362)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and								
other financing uses	(483,826)	-	23,050	-	-	-	(460,776)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,153,812		150,467				1,304,279	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 669,986	\$ -	\$ 173,517	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 843,503	

A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities - Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds April 30, 2015

Assets	С	ajor ase _l uad	ETAC	Depository	Seizure Retention	 demeanor Bond	Dental Program	Agency Funds Total
Cash and short-term investments Receivables:	\$	406	\$838,584	\$ 315,603	\$1,563,443	\$ 3,000	\$ 108,060	\$2,829,096
Accounts		_	_	_	_	-	3,792	3,792
Interest		-	-	2	9	-	-	11
Total assets	\$	406	\$838,584	\$ 315,605	\$1,563,452	\$ 3,000	\$ 111,852	\$2,832,899
Liabilities Liabilities:								
Due to other funds	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 4,000
Other accrued liabilities		406	838,584	315,605	1,563,452	-	110,852	2,828,899
Total liabilities	\$	406	\$838,584	\$ 315,605	\$1,563,452	\$ 3,000	\$ 111,852	\$ 2,832,899